

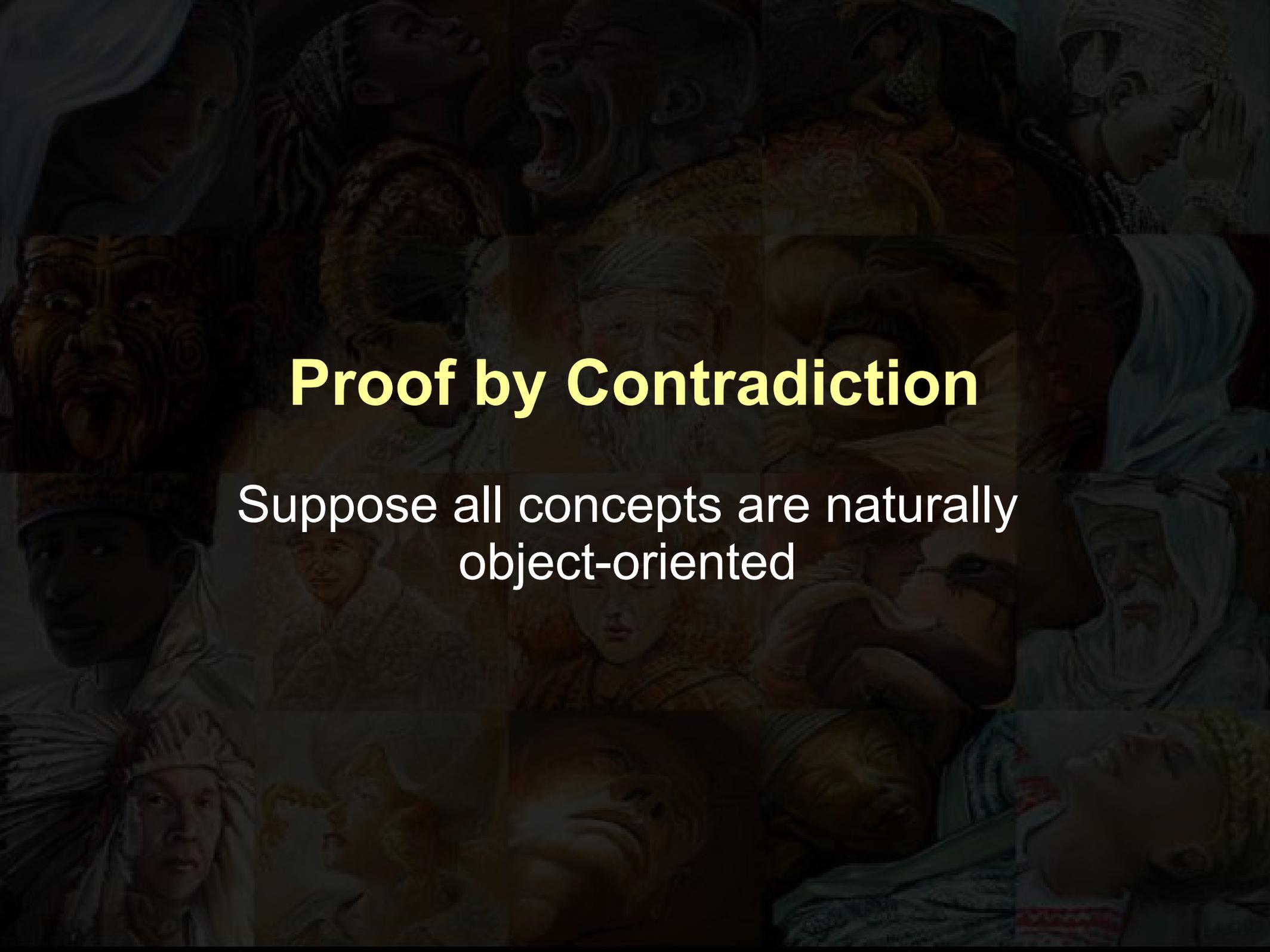


A Beautiful Paradigm

Functional Programming in Finance

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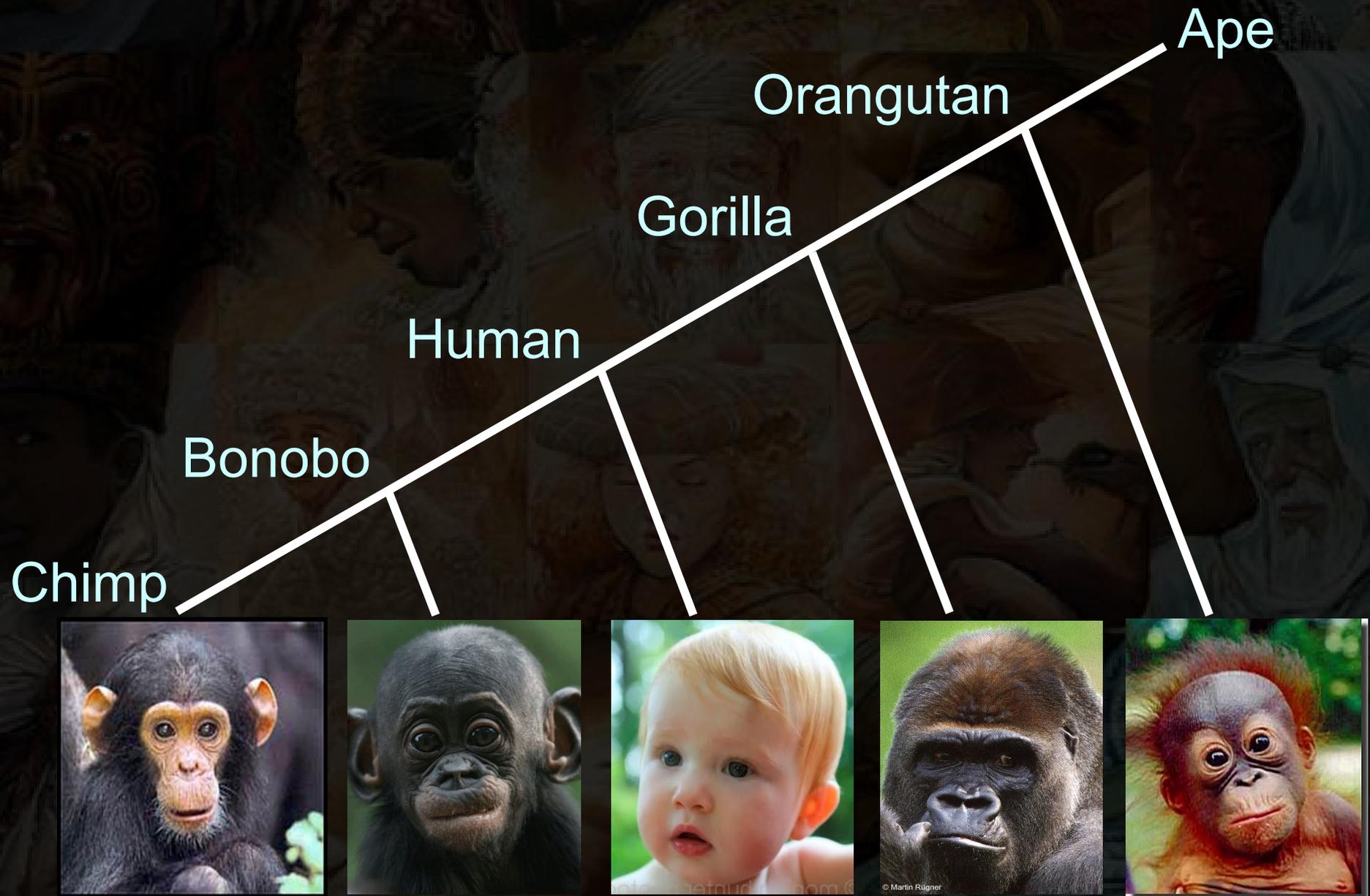
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Proof by Contradiction

Suppose all concepts are naturally
object-oriented

Classes In the Real World

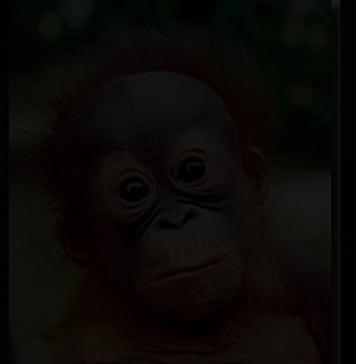
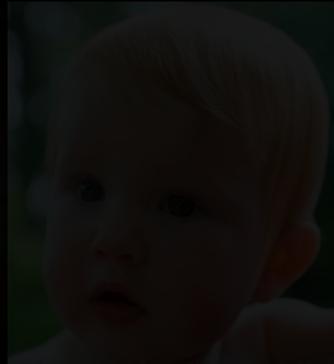
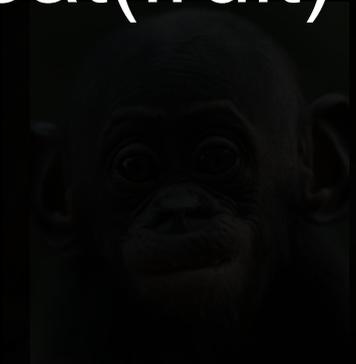
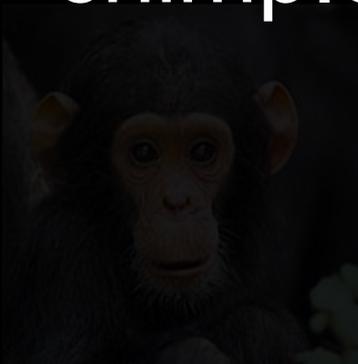


Classes In the Real World

gorilla.pluck(leaves)

human.sleep(5)

chimp.eat(fruit)



Classes In Finance

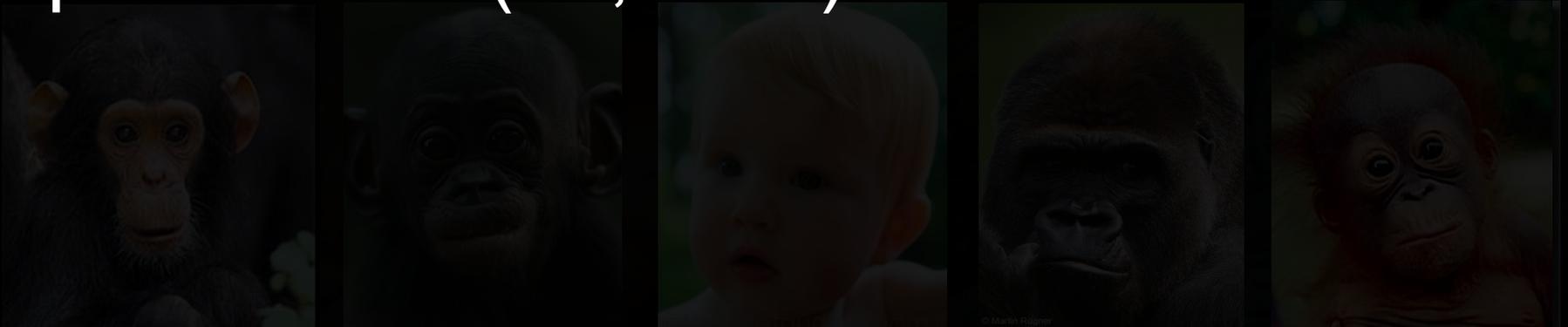


Classes In Finance

`option.underlier()`

`option.gamma()`

`portfolio.var(20, 0.95)`



Classes In Math

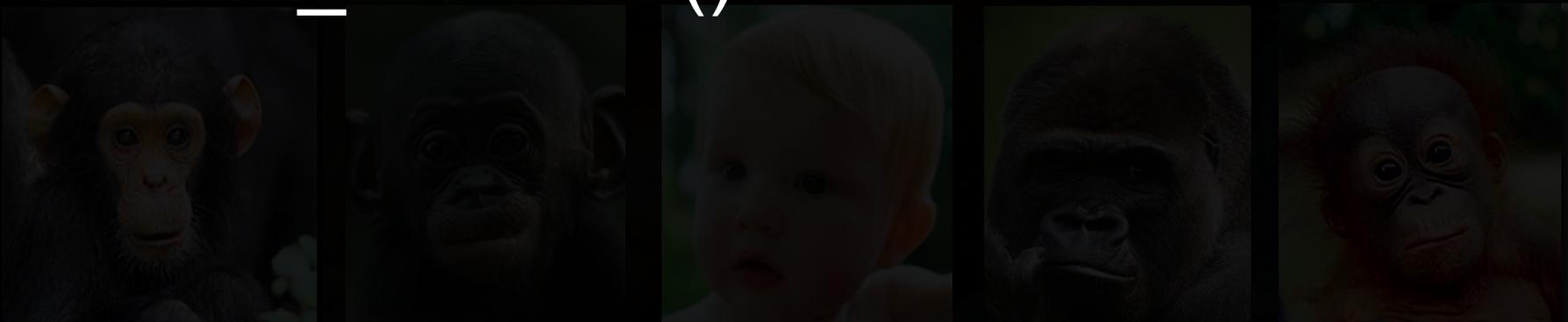


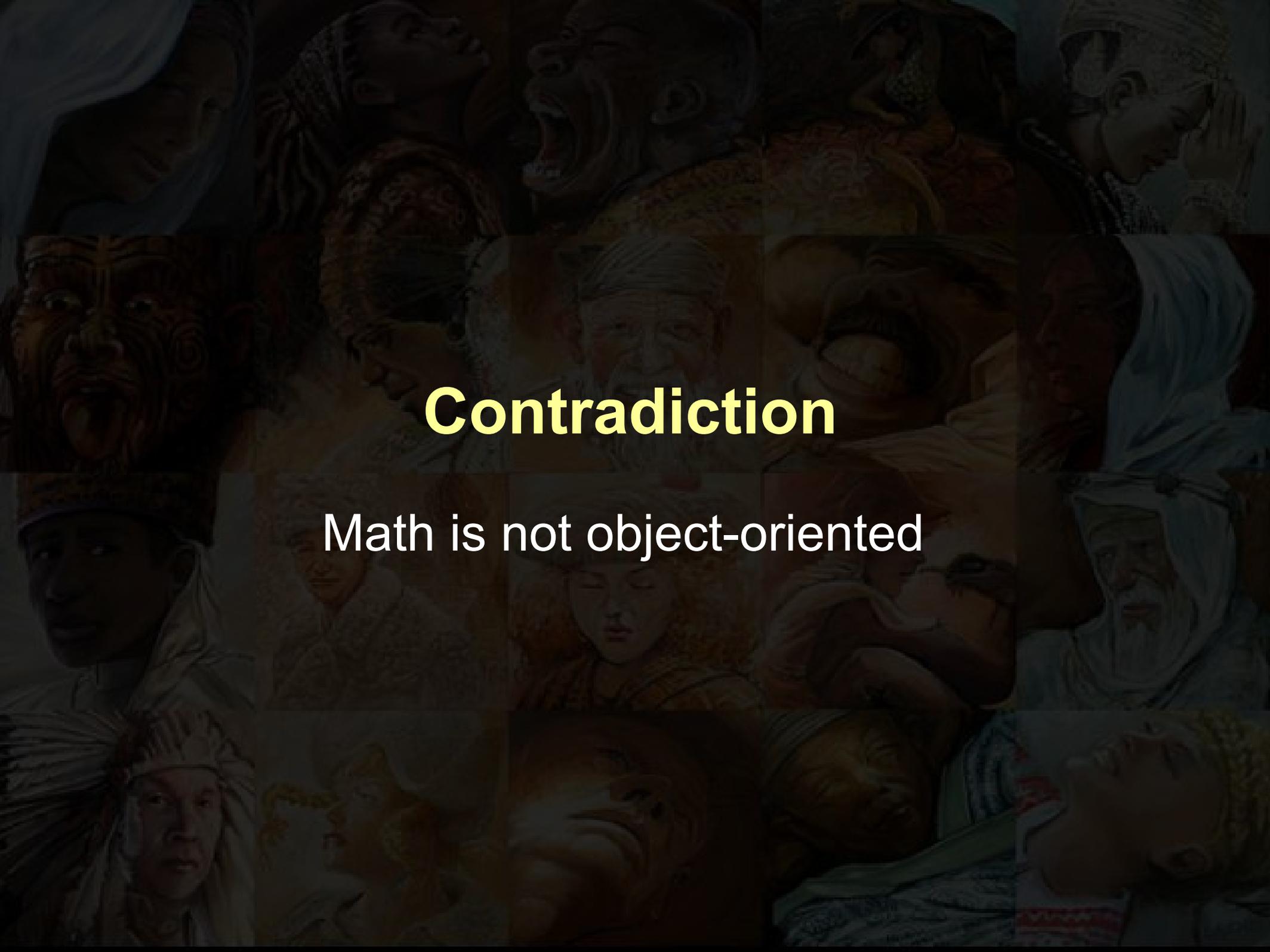
Classes In Math

1.add(4)

16.log(2)

13.next_fibonacci()





Contradiction

Math is not object-oriented

Math Is Functional

1.add(4)

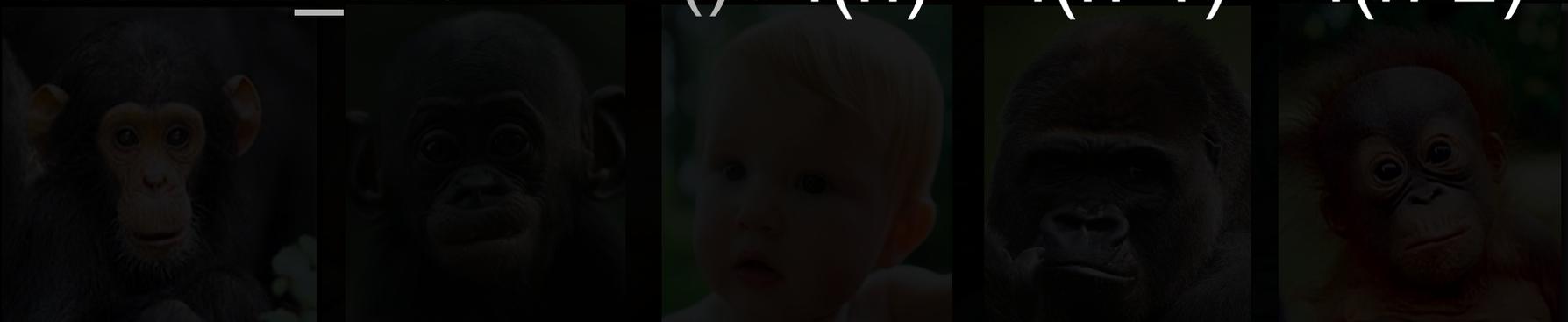
$$1 + 4$$

16.log(2)

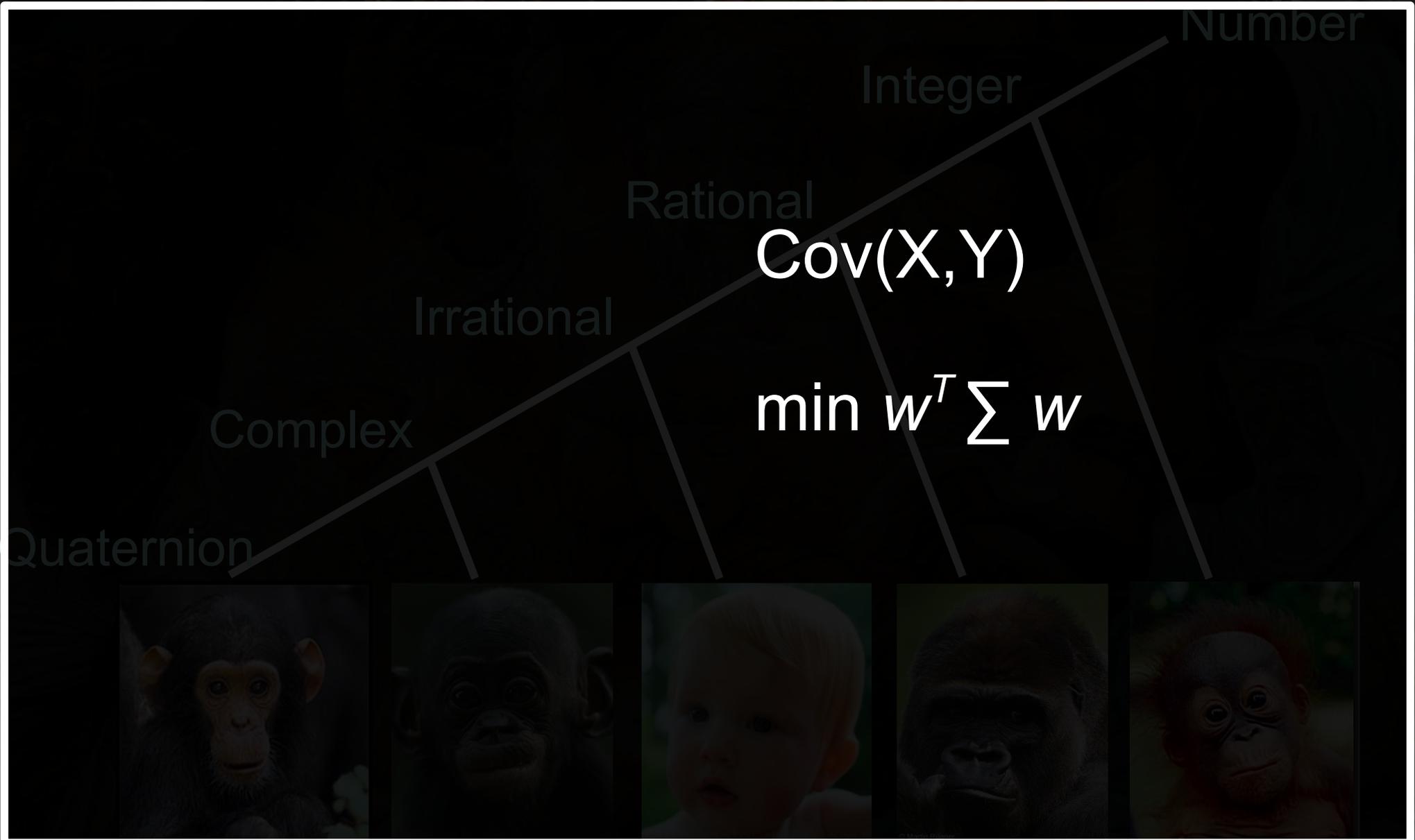
$$\log_2 16$$

13.next_fibonacci()

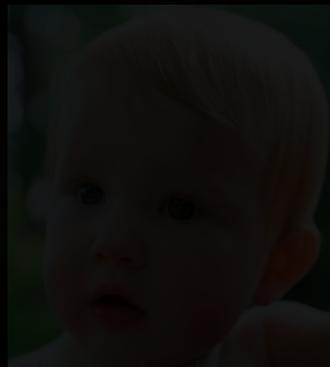
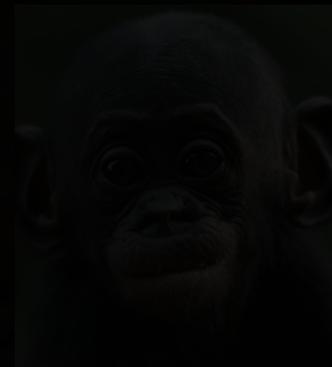
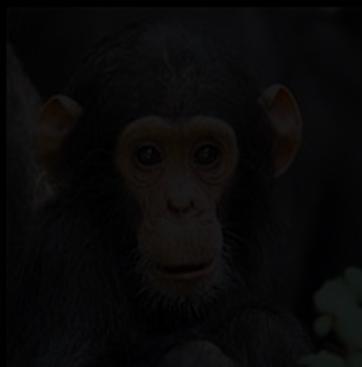
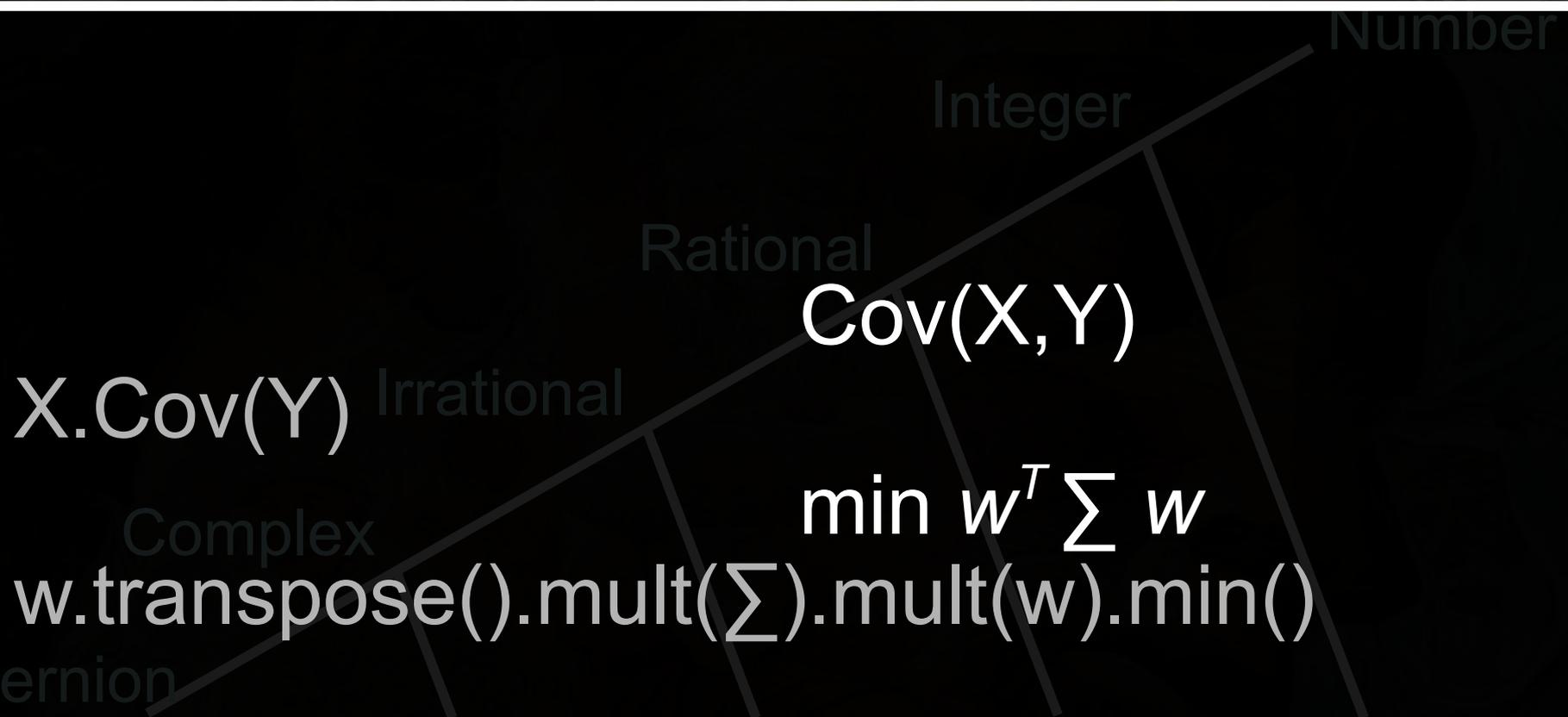
$$f(n) = f(n-1) + f(n-2)$$



Finance Is Functional



Finance Is Functional



R Is Functional

```
fib.1 %when% (n %in% c(0, 1))  
fib.1 <- function(n) 1
```

```
fib.2 %when% (n > 1)  
fib.2 <- function(n)  
  fib(n-1) + fib(n-2)
```

```
> fib(6)  
[1] 13
```

R Is Functional

```
coupon.pct %when% (bond %isa% Bond &&
                  bond$coupon < 1)
coupon.pct <- function(bond)
  100 * bond$coupon / bond$freq

coupon.dv %when% (bond %isa% Bond)
coupon.dv %must% (result > 0)
coupon.dv <- function(bond)
  bond$coupon / bond$freq

> b <- create(Bond, coupon=.035, freq=2)
> coupon(b)
[1] 1.5
```

