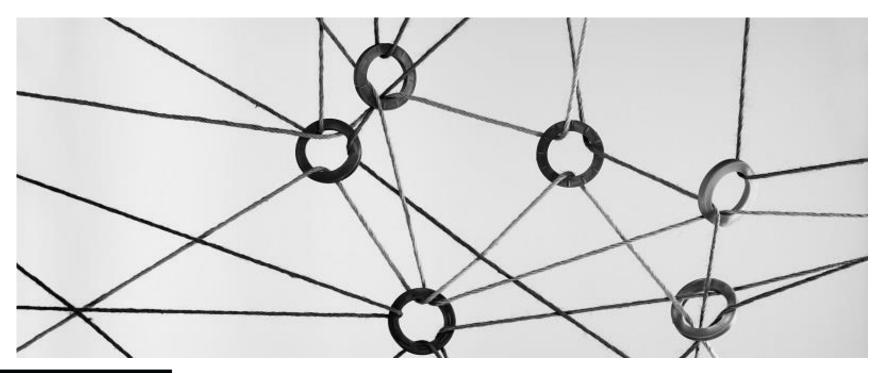
# Q-Gaussian Probability Default Model

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# **Probability of default and Merton Model**

#### Probability of default

• An estimate of the likelihood that borrower will not be able to repay its debt

#### > Where the PD models are used?

- Assessment of the credit risk used by analysts and investors
- Valuation of bond prices
- Calculation of the economic capital to ensure firm's solvency
- Calculations of the capital adequacy dictated by financial regulators

#### Many PD models follow Merton's intuition

- Distance between the expected value of the company's assets V and the default point D measured in sigma (volatility)
- Industry standard Merton's DD(t):  $DD(t) = \frac{\log(\frac{V_A}{D})}{\delta_A \sqrt{t}}$

 $\mathsf{PD}(t) = \mathsf{P}[V_A \leq D] = \cdots = \Phi(-DD)$ 

 $\Phi$  – cumulative normal distribution below the default line

Deficiencies of Merton model: yields negligible PD values for investment grade companies above BBB –

### Merton model of default - visualization total assets total debt <sub>∠</sub> market cap Inversed log-leverage ratio = log(V/D); V = D + Elog(V) Gaussian distribution of log(V/D) at the horizon T Diffusion 1 Std Dev **Constant Volatility of V** Distance-to-Default (DD) = 3 Standard deviations **Constant** Default Point = log(D) default line **PD** depends only on DD

1 Yr

Today

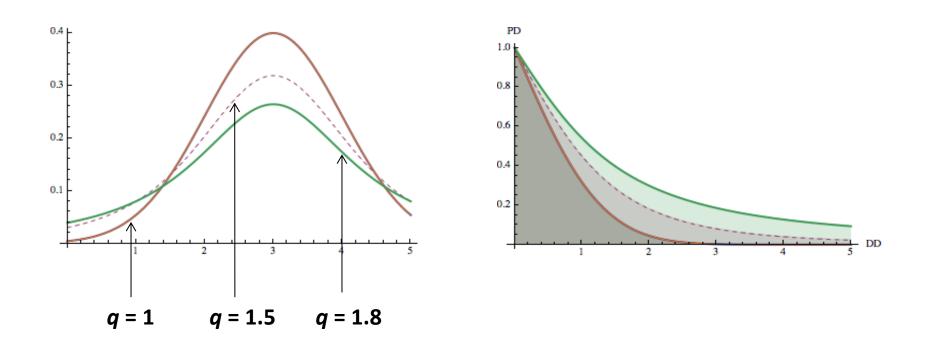
**PD** = likelihood of hitting the default barrier at x = Log(V/D) = 0 at the time horizon *t*, conditional on the initial position  $X_0$  at t = 0.

Time

# **Q-Gaussian**

> Probability distribution arising from the maximization of the Tsallis entropy

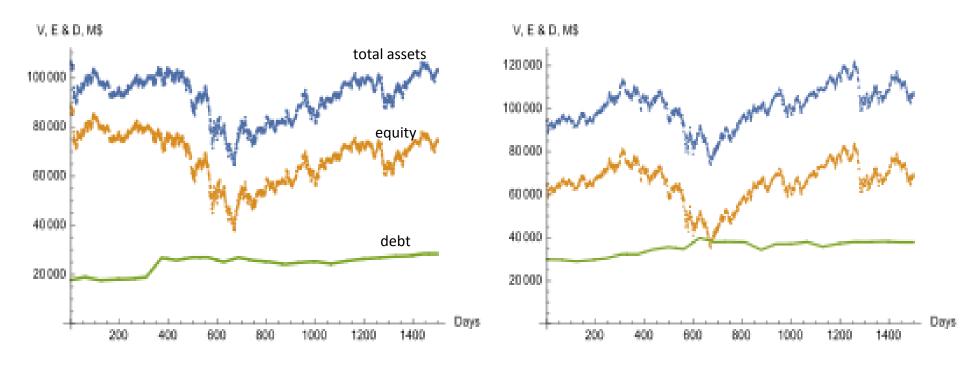
Q-Gaussian distribution is applied in finance and economy due to its heavy tails (for 1 < q < 3)</p>



# Empirical study based on 650 North American entities from industrial sector

#### Example: time series of financial assets UPS & UTX ('06-'12)

Daily time series of the issuer's market capitalization *E*, the accounting book value of the total debt *D* and the market value of asset *V*, estimated by the direct proxy method: V = E + D.

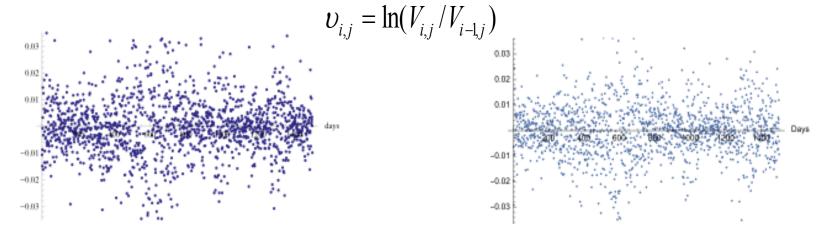


UPS

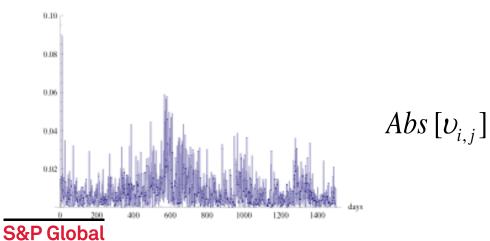
UTX

## Empirical Study: Time series of financial assets UPS & UTX ('06-'12)

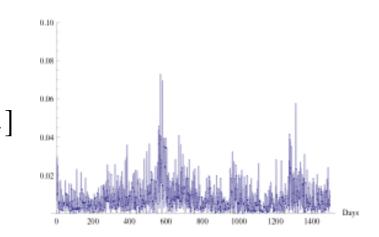
Time series of a daily value of log-asset-returns estimated by the direct proxy method: V = E + D.



UPS

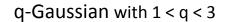


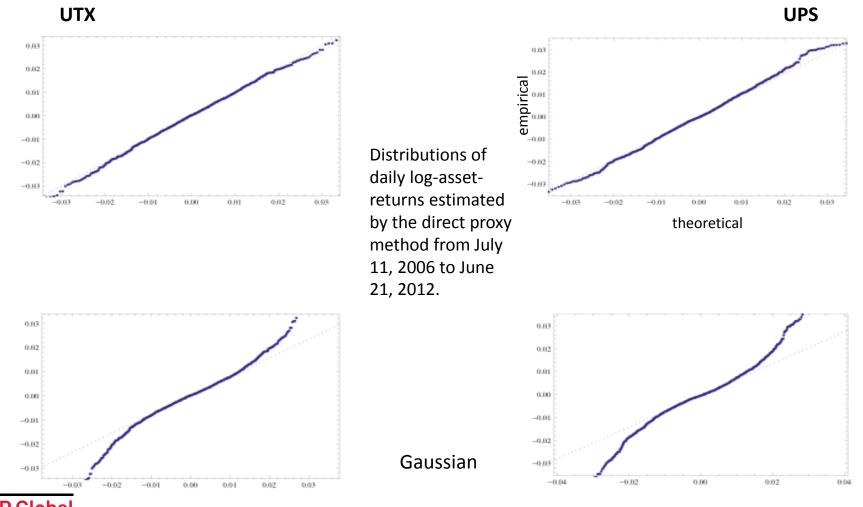
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Market Intelligence

## **Empirical Study:** Q–Q Plots for q-Gaussian and Gaussian distributions

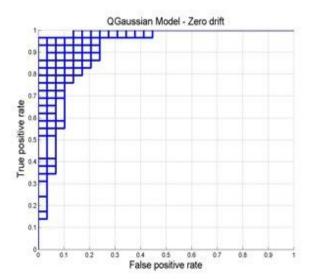


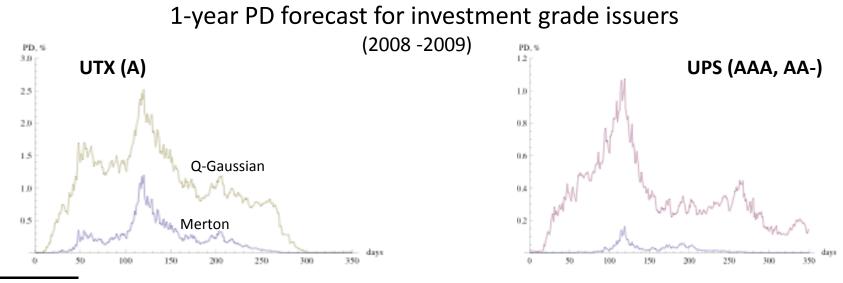


## **Q-Gaussian model of Default. Model Validation 1-Year PD**

ROC curve:

- 361 non-defaulted firms and 29 defaulters
- between 2007 and 2012
- AUC = 0.97





# **Conclusions and future work - R package**

## Conclusion

- Generally, q-Gaussian model of default can provide a much stronger prediction signal for the corporate default
  - the q-PD trend arise sharply before the downgrade happen, and is much higher than m-PD.
- Merton Probability Default model is based on assumption of the Gaussian distribution of log leverage returns, while empirical analysis point to fat tail distributions like q-Gaussian
- q-Gaussian PD may be used as a supplemental model to classical Merton model and help companies with averting credit risk measure degradation and protect investors

### Work underway

- Creating an R package
- Adding set of financial data from S&P Global products to test and demonstrate functionality of the q-Gaussian PD model

# **Project Overview**

S&P Global Market Intelligence combines broad data, powerful analytics, and deep sector intelligence to give our clients unrivaled insight into the companies and markets they follow.

#### Working with Educational Institutions

- Capstone Project with Columbia Business School: Q-Gaussian Probability Default Model
  - Market Intelligence Yuri Katz, Mohammed Hadi, and Thomas Zakrzewski
  - Columbia Business School Students: Sheng Zhang, Yiqing Su, Khyati Jain, Zhirui Zhang, Yash Rane, Dylan Cohen, Zian Cheng, and Hugo Ducruc, under consultation of Professor Souleymane Kachani

### References

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# Thank you



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